Quality of Life among Caregivers of Children with Language Impairment at the Division of Developmental and Behavioral Paediatrics Faculty of Medicine Vajira Hospital: A Cross-Sectional Descriptive Study

Natwipa Wanicharoen B.Sc., M.A.1*

¹Child Development and Adolescent Unit, Pediatric Department, Faculty of Medicine Vajira Hospital, Navamindradhiraj University, Bangkok, Thailand n.a.v.v@live.com

ABSTRACT

To explore the quality of life (QoL) and to investigate factors associated with QoL among caregivers of children with language impairment (LI). This study design was a cross-sectional descriptive study. The participants in this study were the caregivers of children with LI including specific language impairment (SLI), global developmental delay (GDD), autistic spectrum disorder (ASD), down syndrome (DS), and intellectual disability (ID), aged 2-7 years attended Child development and adolescent unit, Faculty of Medicine Vajira Hospital between November 2019 and October 2020 by using a questionnaire for the general data and the World Health Organization Quality of Life Brief − Thai (WHOQOL-BREF-THAI). Data were analyzed using the descriptive and inferential statistics. Most of the caregivers were female (84%) with mean age of 38.06±10.67 years old. Most of them were mother (65%), being housewives/husbands (33%), and having monthly income ≤15,000 (40%). Most children were male (59%) with mean age of 3.96 ± 1.72 years old.

Most of them were diagnosed with SLI (40%). The overall QoL, physical, and psychological aspects among caregivers of children with LI were at high levels, accounting for 51%, 51% and 54% of the sample respectively. While the QoL in the social relationships and environment aspects were at moderate levels, at 51% and 68% respectively. Factors associated with QoL were the gender of caregivers and self help in daily activity of children.

Children with LI may affect their caregivers' QoL, especially in the social relationships and environment aspects. These findings provide new insights into QoL of caregivers of children with LI that may be important when professionals consider comprehensive intervention and more specific support to improve their situation. It is expected that if caregivers' QoL improves, they would provide greater parental care, which will further improve their children's well-being.

Keywords: quality of life, caregivers, language impairment